PHYTOECDYSTEROIDS FROM Serratula coronata

AND Silene longicalycina

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UDC 547.926

In continuation of research on the phytoecdysteroid content of plants, we studied the aerial parts of *Serratula coronata* (Compositae) collected in Alma-Ata during budding [1, 2] and *Silene longicalycina* Kom. [3].

Pure compounds from *Serratula coronata* were isolated after the usual workup of the methanol extract and chromatographic separation. Four pure compounds were isolated. Their IR spectra had characteristic absorptions for ecdysteroids at 3400 (OH) and 1670 (7-en-6-ketone).

Compound 1, $C_{29}H_{46}O_8$, mp 195-196°C, $[\alpha]_D^{20}$ +59°.

Compound 2, $C_{27}H_{44}O_6$, mp 236-238°C (methanol:water), $[\alpha]_D^{20}$ +63.6° (methanol). Mass spectrum (*m*/*z*): 464 [M]⁺, 446, 431, 428, 413, 410, 395, 377, 359, 348, 330, 315, 301, 300, 99, 81.

Compound 3, $C_{27}H_{44}O_8$, mp 152-154°C, $[\alpha]_D^{20}$ +93.2° (methanol). Mass spectrum (*m/z*): 478 [M - H₂O]⁺, 460, 442, 424, 379, 361, 343, 325. These are consistent with four hydroxyls in the steroid core [5].

The chemical shifts in the PMR spectrum agree with those for polypodine B.

Compound 4, $C_{27}H_{44}O_7$, mp 241-242°C (acetone), $[\alpha]_D^{22} + 63.2^\circ$ (methanol). UV spectrum (λ_{max} , nm): 245.

Comparison of the PMR, IR, and mass spectra with those in the literature and R_f values (TLC) with authentic samples of **1-4** identified them as viticosterone E [1], α -ecdysone, polypodine B [4, 5], and ecdysterone, respectively.

Polypodine B was isolated for the first time from S. coronata.

Ground leaves (500 g) of *Silene longicalycina* Kom. were extracted with ethanol. The alcohol extract was condensed, diluted with water (0.2 L), and treated successively with $CHCl_3$ and ethylacetate (6 × 200 mL). The ethylacetate fraction was evaporated and chromatographed over an Al_2O_3 column with elution by $CHCl_3:CH_3OH$ (15:1) to afford 5-7.

The IR spectra of **5**-7 exhibited characteristic absorptions of ecdysteroids at 3470 (OH) and 1665 cm⁻¹ (7-en-6-ketone). **Compound 5**, $C_{27}H_{44}O_5$, mp 235-236°C (aqueous ethanol). UV spectrum (λ_{max} , nm, EtOH): 245 [3].

Compound 6, $C_{24}H_{44}O_6$, mp 254-255°C (aqueous ethanol) [3]. UV spectrum (λ_{max} , nm): 246.

Compound 7, $C_{27}H_{44}O_6$, mp 241-242°C (acetone). Mass spectrum (*m*/*z*): 462 [M - H₂O]⁺, 444, 426, 408, 363, 345, 327, 309, 300, 99, 81, 69.

Comparison of IR and mass spectra with those in the literature and R_f values (TLC) with authentic samples identified **5** as 2-deoxy- α -ecdysone [3]; **6**, 2-deoxyecdysterone [3]; and **7**, ecdysterone [4, 6]. Compounds **5** and **6** were isolated from this plant for the first time.

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